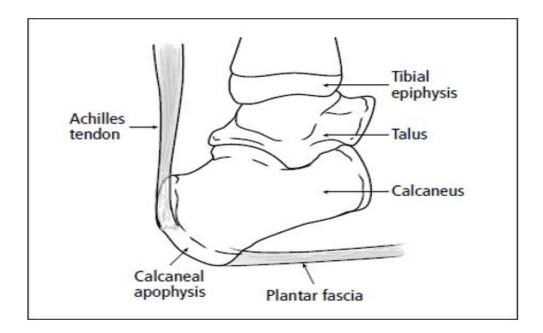


Sever

Sever's disease, also known as calcaneal apophysitis, is a common condition that affects children between the ages of 8 to 15 years old. It is caused by inflammation of the growth plate in the heel bone, which can result in pain and discomfort during physical activities. Here, we will define Sever's disease, discuss its causes, symptoms, and treatment options.



Definition:

Sever's disease is a condition that affects the growth plate of the heel bone. The growth plate is an area of developing cartilage tissue at the end of a bone, which is responsible for bone growth. In Sever's disease, the growth plate of the heel bone becomes inflamed, leading to pain and discomfort in the heel area.

Causes:

The exact cause of Sever's disease is not known, but it is believed to be related to physical activities that put stress on the heel bone. These activities can include running, jumping, and other high-impact sports. Other factors that may contribute to the development of Sever's disease include:

- Tight Achilles tendon or calf muscles
- Flat feet or high arches
- Obesity or excessive weight gain
- Poor footwear, such as shoes that are too tight or do not provide adequate support



Symptoms:

The most common symptom of Sever's disease is heel pain, which can be felt at the back or bottom of the heel bone. The pain is usually worse during physical activities that involve running or jumping and may improve with rest. It is most common in children 9-13 years of age. Other symptoms of Sever's disease include:

- Swelling or tenderness in the heel area
- Difficulty walking or running
- Stiffness or limited range of motion in the foot or ankle
- Discomfort when the heel is squeezed or pressed.

Heel pain can also be caused by a stress fracture in the heel, bursitis, tendonitis, bone cysts, and rheumatologic disorders. If the athlete is not active in impact sports or is not between age 9 and 13 years, other conditions should be considered.

Treatment:

The treatment for Sever's disease typically involves a combination of rest, stretching exercises, and pain management techniques. The goal of treatment is to reduce pain and inflammation in the heel area, as well as address any underlying factors that may be contributing to the condition. Some common treatment options for Sever's disease include:

- Rest: The first step in treating Sever's disease is to rest the affected foot as much as
 possible. This may mean avoiding activities that cause pain or discomfort, such as
 running or jumping. Rest can help to reduce inflammation in the heel area and
 allow the growth plate to heal.
- Stretching exercises: Stretching exercises can help to improve flexibility in the calf muscles and Achilles tendon, which can reduce stress on the heel bone. Some common stretching exercises for Sever's disease include calf stretches, heel raises, and ankle circles.
- Ice therapy: Applying ice to the affected heel can help to reduce pain and inflammation. Ice should be applied for 15-20 minutes at a time, several times a day.
- Pain medication: Over-the-counter pain medication, such as acetaminophen or ibuprofen, can help to relieve pain and reduce inflammation in the heel area.
- Footwear: Wearing shoes that provide good support and cushioning can help to reduce stress on the heel bone. Shoes should have a good arch support and a cushioned sole.
- Orthotics: In some cases, custom orthotics may be prescribed to provide additional support and cushioning to the foot.
- Physical therapy: If the condition is severe or does not respond to other treatments, physical therapy may be recommended. Physical therapy can help to improve flexibility and strength in the foot and ankle, which can reduce stress on the heel bone.



In conclusion, Sever's disease is a common condition that affects children who are physically active. It is caused by inflammation of the growth plate in the heel bone, which can result in pain and discomfort during physical activities. The condition can be treated with a combination of rest, stretching exercises, and pain management techniques. If you suspect that your.